

# Science Flight Report

## Operation IceBridge Arctic 2010



**Flight:** 02  
**Mission:** Sea Ice 05

### Flight Report Summary

<b>Aircraft</b>	<b>DC-8 (N817NA)</b>
<b>Flight Number</b>	100204
<b>Flight Request</b>	108013
<b>Date</b>	Tuesday, March 23 2010 (Z), Day of Year 082
<b>Purpose of Flight</b>	Operation IceBridge Mission Sea Ice 05
<b>Take off time</b>	11:01:35 Zulu from Thule Air Base (BGTL)
<b>Landing time</b>	18:54:59 Zulu at Thule Air Base (BGTL)
<b>Flight Hours</b>	8.0
<b>Aircraft Status</b>	Airworthy
<b>Sensor Status</b>	All installed sensors operational.
<b>Significant Issues</b>	None
<b>Accomplishments</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low-altitude survey (1,500 ft AGL) of multi-year sea ice north of Ellesmere Island along ICESat track 0195 and several zigzag tracks.</li> <li>• Completed all of the planned survey lines.</li> <li>• ATM, DMS, POS/AV, and snow radar operational throughout survey areas.</li> <li>• MCoRDS was not operated on this flight because it was a sea ice mission. The MCoRDS team used the flight to fine tune the system.</li> <li>• The Ku-band radar was not in operation during this flight. The team used the flight for testing and troubleshooting the instrument.</li> <li>• Gravimeter was in operation throughout the entire flight.</li> <li>• LVIS was operated throughout high-altitude transits.</li> <li>• Conducted two passes over runway at Thule Air Base: one at low elevation (1,500 ft) for ATM instrument calibration, one at high-elevation (10,000 ft) for LVIS instrument calibration.</li> </ul>
<b>Geographic Keywords</b>	Lincoln Sea, Arctic Basin, Lomonosov Ridge, Ellesmere Island, Thule
<b>ICESat Tracks</b>	195
<b>Repeat Mission</b>	No
<b>Planned Events</b>	Complete remaining missions based on weather and crew hours.

## Science Data Report Summary

Instrument	Instrument Operational			Data Volume	Instrument Issues
	Survey Area	Entire Flight	High-alt. Transit		
ATM + Cambot	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	81.2 GB	None
MCoRDS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	None
Snow Radar	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	340 GB	None
Ku-band Radar	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	System testing
LVIS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	38 GB	None
DMS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	168 GB	None
POS/AV (510 + 610)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2 GB	None
Gravimeter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	70 MB	None
DC-8 Onboard Data	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	25 MB	None

### Mission Report (Michael Studinger, Mission Scientist)

The goal of today's mission is to survey the thick multi-year sea ice north of Ellesmere Island and the gradient to thinner ice toward the North Pole. The first segment of this mission is along ICESat ground track #0195.

The weather forecast we got during the weather briefing at 6:30 am local predicted light haze in about ¼ of the survey area. The haze that we encountered during flight was significantly denser in parts of the survey area than we had expected making occasional changes in flight elevation necessary in order to receive a laser signal from the surface. Icing on the aircraft had to be closely monitored but was not a significant problem. Visibility during the flight was occasionally poor. We flew over many large leads that will be helpful for sea ice freeboard estimates.

Time (UTC)	Latitude	Longitude	Event
11:01:35			Takeoff
12:16:14	+83° 54.6'	-060° 28.5'	WP 19501
12:22:46	+84° 15.5'	-063° 25.4'	WP 19502
12:36:00	+84° 55.8'	-071° 21.2'	WP 19504
13:09:23	+85° 57.8'	-100° 16.6'	WP 19509
13:21:51	+86° 00.6'	-113° 39.7'	WP 19511
14:25:43	+80° 60.0'	-104° 60.0'	WP RK01
15:45:53	+85° 55.1'	-095° 21.1'	WP RK02
16:29:22	+82° 48.6'	-084° 47.0'	WP RK03
17:06:37	+84° 59.8'	-075° 01.7'	WP RK04
17:31:02	+83° 47.9'	-059° 39.7'	WP NS06
18:54:59			Landing

**Individual instrument reports from experimenters on board the aircraft:**

**ATM:** The ATM systems worked well. There were a few areas of low ice fog and clouds that occasionally required descents to 1000' but the ATM sensors were able to penetrate almost all the cloud layers.

**MCoRDS:** Was not in operation during today's flight. The team used the flight to test the system and fine tune the settings.

**Snow and Ku-Band radar:** Snow radar worked well and collected 340 GB of data. The team used the flight to trouble shoot the Ku-Band radar.

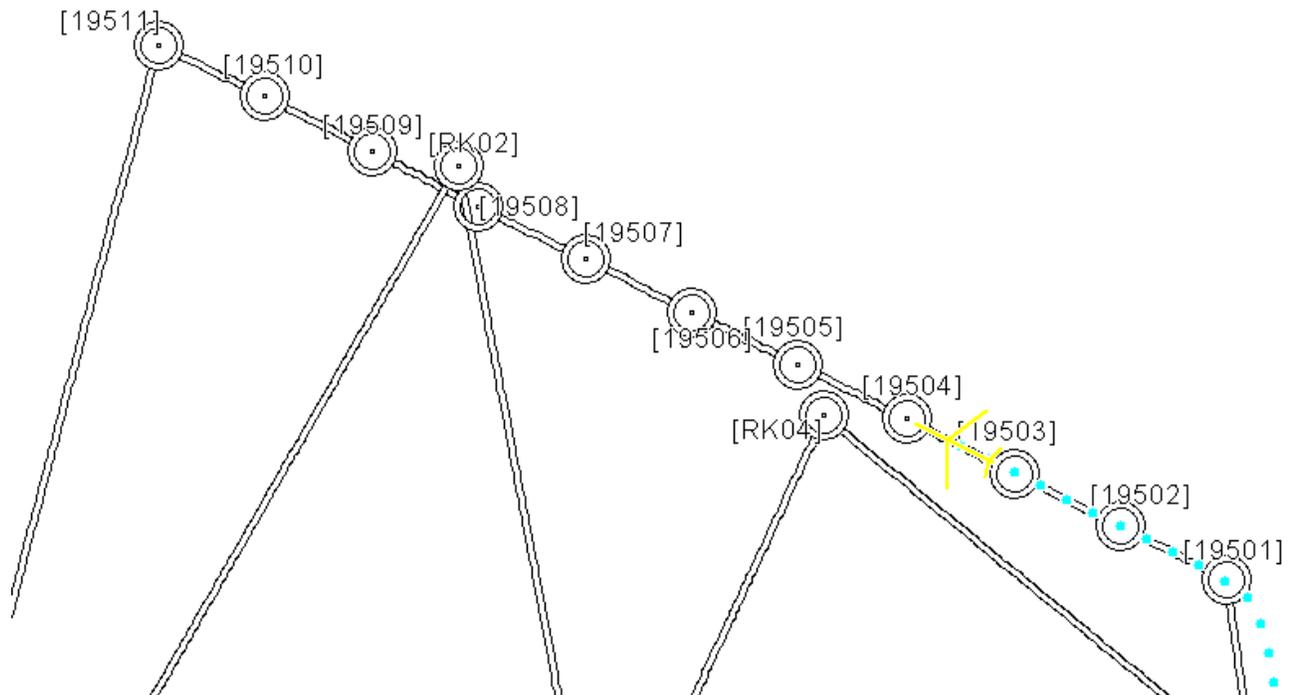
**Gravimeter:** System worked normally. No problems.

**DMS:** System worked well. No problems.

**LVIS:** The system worked well and recorded data during both high-altitude transits. No problems.

**POS/AV:** Systems worked well. No issues.

**DC8 on board data:** System worked well.



# Sea Ice 05

7.6 hours at 250 knots survey / 440 knots transit



Figure 1: Waypoints and survey area of Flight 02 from John Sonntag.